	PHARM D – I YEAR (PCI)				
S.NO	Course	Course code and number	Course outcome		
		C _(T1101) 1	<u>Study</u> the anatomy and physiology, basic anatomical terms, functions of various organs of human body and cellular level organization. The various homeostatic mechanisms and their imbalances of various systems and note on the functions of tissues (REMEMBER)		
		C _(T1101) 2	Recognize bones and joints of human body, and Overview of the functions of formed elements in the blood (Haemopoietic system) (UNDERSTAND)		
1	Human Anatomy and Physiology (Theory)	C _(T1101) 3	<u>Differentiate</u> lymph and its role in immunity. Explain anatomy and physiology of CVS. (ANALYZE, REMEMBER)		
		C _(T1101) 4	Recall Respiratory, GIT and Urinary systems and its physiological studies (REMEMBER)		
		C _(T1101) 5	Assess the structure and functions of sympathetic, parasympathetic system, brain, spinal cord and cranial nerves and to and to intrept the physiology of endocrine system. (EVALUATE)		
		C _(T1101) 6	Explain the physiology of reproductive system, sense organs and to discuss the physiological skeletal muscles and sports physiology. (UNDERSTAND)		
	Human Anatomy and	$C_{(T1108)}1$	<u>Identify</u> and relate characteristics of various tissues of human body. (REMEMBER)		
		C _(T1108) 2	Predict the number of RBC and WBC using hemocytometer. (EVALUATE)		
2		C _(T1108) 3	Demonstrate bleeding time, clotting time, blood pressure and blood group. (UNDERSTAND)		
2	Physiology –(Practical)	C _(T1108) 4	Recall the functions of various organ system in human body. (REMEMBER)		
		C _(T1108) 5	<u>Interpret</u> the mechanisms of pregnancy diagnosis tests and various family planning appliances. (UNDERSTAND)		
		C _(T1108) 6	<u>Construct</u> and record simple curves using frog gastrocnemius sciatic nerve. (CREATE)		
		C _(T1102) 1	Explain handling of prescription, posology & dose calculation of drug in children. Different types of dosage form (UNDERSTAND)		

3	Pharmaceutics – (Theory)	C _(T1102) 2	<u>Discuss</u> history of the profession of Pharmacy in India & Pharmacopeia and its development (UNDERSTAND)
		C _(T1102) 3	Explain the different pharmaceutical calculation involved in formulation (UNDERSTAND)
		C _(T1102) 4	Elaborate basic requirement and formulation of powder and liquid (monophasic & biphasic) dosages form (REMEMBER)
		C _(T1102) 5	Explain different types of extraction process mainly maceration, percolation and their applications, different types of surgical aids and their application (UNDERSTAND)
		C _(T1102) 6	Enumerate type of Pharmaceutical incompatibility and analyzing the incompatibilities (REMEMBER)
		$C_{(T1109)}1$	<u>Prepare</u> and label monophasic dosge forms for internal use (Remember)
		C _(T1109) 2	Experiment with biphasic liquid dosage forms (Apply)
	Pharmaceutics – (Practical)	$C_{(T1109)}3$	Formulate and dispense solid dosage forms (CREATE)
4		C _(T1109) 4	Formulate external liquid dosage forms (CREATE)
		C _(T1109) 5	Formulate semi-solid dosage forms (CREATE)
		C _(T1109) 6	Appraise the preparations of physical incompatibilities (EVALUATE)
		C _(T1103) 1	Recall the structure and functions of cell and its constituents, various mechanisms for transport across membrane, catalytic activity of enzymes, enzyme action and applications of enzymes. (REMEMBER)
5	Medicinal Biochemistry (Theory)	C _(T1103) 2	<u>Discuss</u> the metabolism of carbohydrates, lipids, electron transport chain and ATP formation and identify the metabolic disorders. (REMEMBER, UNDERSTAND)
		C _(T1103) 3	Enumerate and Summarize the metabolism and disorders associated with amino acids and nucleic acids. (REMEMBER, UNDERSTAND)
		C _(T1103) 4	Interpret the genetic code, describe the process of DNA replication and protein synthesis. (UNDERSTAND)
		C _{(T1103} 5	Apply the knowledge of clinical chemistry in diagnosis and prognosis of diseases. (APPLY)

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		C _(T1103) 6	Elaborate the principles of immunochemical
		C(11103)0	techniques and their applications. (CREATE)
			Remember the qualitative analysis of urine
		$C_{(T110A)}1$	for normal and abnormal constituents.
			(REMEMBER)
			Demonstrate the estimation and clinical
			significance of biological constituents such as
		$C_{(T110A)}2$	Glucose, Creatinine, Calcium and Chlorides in
			urine. (UNDERSTAND)
			Describe and determine the blood constituents
			like glucose, Creatinine, uric acid, urea,
		C2	
		$C_{(T110A)}3$	proteins and infer the biological condition.
6	Medicinal Biochemistry		(REMEMBER, UNDERSTAND,
	– (Practical)		ANALYSE)
			<u>Perform</u> the lipid profile tests and liver
		$C_{(T110A)}4$	function tests (SGOT, SGPT).
			(UNDERSTAND, APPLY)
			<u>Determine</u> the starch hydrolysis by salivary
			amylase and study the effect of temperature
		$C_{(T110A)}5$	and pH on enzyme (salivary amylase) activity.
			(APPLY, ANALYSE)
			Discuss the preparation of standard buffer
		C _(T110A) 6	solutions and their pH measurements.
		C(1110A)O	(UNDERSTAND)
		C _(T1104) 1	<u>Understand</u> Structures and Physical
			properties, isomerism and nomenclature of
			organic compounds. (REMEMBER)
		C(T1104)2	Explain Free radicals chain reactions of alkane
			and Alicyclic compounds, preaprations,
			reactions and mechanisms (REMEMBER)
			Understand the Nuclophilic aliphatic
	Diamer and all Organia		substitution reactions and Dehydrohalogination
		$C_{(T1104)}3$	reactions of 1,2 halo alkanes
			(UNDERSTAND)
7	Pharmaceutical Organic		,
'	Chemistry-(Theory)		<u>Describe</u> Electrophillic and free radicals addition and Carbon-carbon double bond as
		$C_{(T1104)}4$	
		, ,	substituents and free radical substitution
			(REMEMBER)
			Understand Theory of resonance, and
		$C_{(T1104)}5$	Elecrophilic aromatic substitution
			(UNDERSTAND)
		$C_{(T1104)}6$	Explain Nucleophilic addition reactions and
			mechanism and application of named reactions
			like, aldol condensation, claisen condensation,
			cannizzaro, Migration to electron deficient

			nitrogen like Hoffman's reactions (UNDERSTAND)
		C _(T1104) 7	Demonstrate Nucleophilic aromatic
		C(11104)7	substitution, Oxidation and reduction reactions
			(UNDERSTAND) Analyze structures,
			preparations, assay, test for purity and uses of
			official compounds. (ANALYSE)
		C _(T110B) 1	<pre>preparation of organic compounds by various techniques (CREATE)</pre>
		C _(T110B) 2	Explain and understand the principal, reaction mechanism and illustrate application (UNDERSTAND)
		C _(T110B) 3	Synthesize and purification of organic compounds (CREATE)
8	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry – (Practical)	C _(T110B) 4	<u>Perform</u> the preliminary and elemental analysis of organic compound and identify functional group of organic compounds by systematic qualitative analysis (CREATE & ANALYSE)
		C _(T110B) 5	Explain and understand the principal behind various qualitative tests and analyse the given unknown organic compound having different functional groups (CREATE & ANALYSE)
		C _(T110B) 6	Explain stereo models of some organic compounds (UNDERSTAND)
	Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry – (Theory)	C _(T1105) 1	Enumerate errors in pharmaceutical analysis and principles of volumetric analysis (REMEMBER)
		C _(T1105) 2	<u>Interpret</u> acid base titrations and limit tests for inorganic compounds. (UNDERSTAND)
		C _(T1105) 3	<u>Choose</u> the appropriate titrimetric method for analysis of drugs. (APPLY)
9		C _(T1105) 4	Characterize and study method of preparation and assay of selected inorganic compounds. (Analyse)
		C _(T1105) 5	<u>Demonstrate</u> the importance of inorganic pharmaceuticals in preventing and curing the
		C _(T1105) 6	disease. (UNDERSTAND) Illustrate the Radioisotopes and applications
		C(11105)U	of Radiopharmaceuticals. (UNDERSTAND)
10	Pharmaceutical	C _(T110C) 1	Recall the glassware and apparatus used in volumetric analysis (REMEMBER)
10	Inorganic Chemistry – (Practical)	C _(T110C) 2	<u>Demonstrate</u> the limit test for impurities in inorganic compounds (UNDERSTAND)

		C _(T110C) 3	Apply the volumetric methods for performing assays (APPLY)
		C _(T110C) 4	<u>Evaluate</u> selected inorganic compounds by different titrimetric methods (EVALUATE)
		C _(T110C) 5	Determine the compounds present in a mixture (APPLY)
		C _(T110C) 6	Justify test for identity of selected inorganic compounds (EVALUATE)
		C _(T1106) 1	Identify the importance of mathematics in pharmacy. (REMEMBER)
		C _(T1106) 2	Review the various topics in mathematics. (UNDERSTAND)
11	Remedial Mathematics	C _(T1106) 3	Formulate mathematical equations in doing problems. (CREATE)
11	(Theory)	C _(T1106) 4	Assemble the different concepts in solving problems. (CREATE)
		C _(T1106) 5	Justify the important applications of mathematics. (EVALUATE)
		C _(T1106) 6	<u>Design</u> and convert elementary functions using Laplace transform. (CREATE)
	Remedial Biology (Theory)	C _(T1107) 1	<u>List</u> the organization of plants, animals and its inclusions. (REMEMBER)
		C _(T1107) 2	<u>Differentiate</u> the functions of various types of tissues and kingdom classification in plants and animals. (UNDERSTAND)
		C _(T1107) 3	<u>Develop</u> knowledge on structural modifications in plants and importance of plant physiology. (CREATE)
12		C _(T1107) 4	Infer various physiological processes in plants and animals. (ANALYSE)
12		C _(T1107) 5	Enumerate the various taxonomical characters of different families and microorganisms. (REMEMBER)
		C _(T1107) 6	<u>Differentiate</u> the detailed study of frog, its internal structure & functions. (UNDERSTAND)
		C _(T1107) 7	<u>Demonstrate</u> the study of different kinds of phylum's includes Pisces, Reptiles,
			Amphibians, Aves& Mammals. (UNDERSTAND)
13	Remedial Biology – (Practical)	C _(T110D) 1	Explain about basic concept of microscopes and permanent slides (UNDERSTAND)
		C _(T110D) 2	Appraise the cell wall constituents and cell inclusions of plant parts. (EVALUATE)
		C _(T110D) 3	State the different modifications of plant parts. (REMEMBER)

		C _(T110D) 4	<u>Characterize</u> the transverse section and identification of powder characteristics of various plant products. (ANALYSE)
		C _(T110D) 5	<u>Demonstration</u> of simple plant physiological experiments. (UNDERSTAND)
		C _(T110D) 6	Recall study of frog and its identification of animal models. (REMEMBER)
	Pl		I YEAR (PCI)
		Course	
S.NO	Course	code and	Course outcome
		number	
		C _(T2101) 1	<u>Describe</u> basic aspects of cell injury and adaptation, and role of chemical mediators in inflammation and healing mechanism, along with biological effects of radiation on cell. (REMEMBER)
		C _(T2101) 2	Explain immune response and autoimmune diseases along with organ compatibility in transplantation (UNDERSTAND)
1	Pathophysiology (Theory)	C _(T2101) 3	<u>State</u> the principles involved in pathophysiology of cancer while understanding the classification of tumours (REMEMBER)
	•	C _(T2101) 4	<u>Compare</u> the types of shock that influences their mechanism and management.
		C _(T2101) 5	<u>Describe</u> pathophysiology and etiology involved in environmental, nutritional and infectious diseases. (REMEMBER)
		C _(T2101) 6	<u>Identify</u> the cause and pathophysiology of common diseases associated with nervous,
			cardiovascular, gastrointestinal, liver, renal and respiratory system. (REMEMBER)
			<u>Describe</u> about science of microbiology, Major
		$C_{(T102)}1$	divisions of microbial world and Relationship among them (UNDERSTAND)
		C _(T2102) 2	<u>Discuss</u> about Different methods of
			classification of microbes like Bacteria, Fungi,
	Pharmaceutical		virus, Rickettsiae, Spirochetes, Nutritional
2	Microbiology		requirements, growth and cultivation of
	(Theory)		bacteria and virus, different important media
			required for the growth of aerobic and anaerobic bacteria & fungi. (UNDERSTAND)
		C _(T2102) 3	<u>Demonstrate</u> about Differential media,
		(12102)3	enriched media and selective media,
			maintenance of lab cultures, Different methods
			manifestatice of the cultures, Different methods

		1	used in isolation and identification of best-vi-
			used in isolation and identification of bacteria
			with different staining techniques and
			biochemical reactions, Counting of bacteria -
			Total and Viable counting techniques(
			UNDERSTAND)
		$C_{(T2102)}4$	<u>Describe</u> about sterilization and Sterilization
			methods for all pharmaceutical products,
			sterility testing of different pharmaceutical
			preparations and Validation , Disinfectants,
			antiseptics, fungicidal and virucidal agents
			factors affecting their activation and
			mechanism of action, Evaluation of
			bactericidal, bacteristatic, , virucidal activities,
			evaluation of preservatives in pharmaceutical
			preparations(REMEMBER)
		C _(T2102) 5	Explain about Immunity, Definition,
		C(12102)S	Classification, General principles of natural
			immunity, Phagocytosis, acquired immunity(
			active and passive), Antigens, Antibodies,
			Antigen-Antibody reactions, Bacterial
			exotoxins and endotoxins, Significance of
			toxoids in active immunity, Immunization
			programme, and importance of booster dose
			and Diagnostic tests (REMEMBER)
		$C_{(T2102)}6$	<u>Discuss</u> the concept of Microbial culture
			sensitivity Testing, Principles, methods of
			different microbiological assays,
			microbiological assay of Penicillin,
			Streptomycin and vitamin B2 and B12,
			Standardization of vaccines and sera, infectious
			diseases like Typhoid, Tuberculosis, Malaria,
			Cholera, Hepatitis, Meningitis, Syphilis &
			Gonorrhea and HIV (UNDERSTAND)
			<u>Introduction</u> and disscuss about different
		$C_{(T2107)}1$	eqipment used in microbiology
			(UNDERSTAND)
		$C_{(T2107)}2$	Analysis of characteristics of microbial by
3	Pharmaceutical		staining techniques, isolation
	Microbiology		methods, quantitave estimation (ANALYSE)

	(Practical)	C _(T2107) 3	Discuss about construct standard graphs for estimating antibiotic, vitamin by using microbes(UNDERSTAND)
		C _(T2107) 4	Evaluation of microbial contamination in a given sample (EVALUATE)
		C _(T2107) 5	Analyse the qualitatively and quantitavely the amout of microbes in a sample (ANALYSE)
		C _(T2107) 6	Evaluation of the microbes by serological and bacteriological methods(EVALUATE)
		C _(T2103) 1	<u>Discuss</u> the concept of Microbial culture sensitivity Testing, Principles, methods of different microbiological assays, microbiological assay of Penicillin, Streptomycin and vitamin B2 and B12, Standardization of vaccines and sera, infectious diseases like Typhoid, Tuberculosis, Malaria, Cholera, Hepatitis, Meningitis, Syphilis & Gonorrhea and HIV (UNDERSTAND)
	Dharma aganagy &	C _(T2103) 2	Explain the Cultivation, collection, processing and storage of crude drugs. Detailed method of cultivation of crude drugs. (UNDERSTAND)
4	Pharmacognosy & Phytopharmaceuticals (Theory)	C _(T2103) 3	<u>Illustrate</u> study of cell wall constituents and cell inclusions. Detailed study of various cell constituents. Different methods of adulteration of crude drugs. (UNDERSTAND)
		C _(T2103) 4	Define Carbohydrates and related products. Detailed study carbohydrate containing drugs.(REMEMBER)
		C _(T2103) 5	<u>Define</u> sources, methods of extraction, chemistry and method of analysis of lipids. Detailed study of oils. (<u>REMEMBER</u>)
		C _(T2103) 6	<u>Define</u> classification, chemistry and method of analysis of protein. Study of plants fibers used in surgical dressings and related products. (REMEMBER)
		C _(T2108) 1	Explain the Introduction of Pharmacognosy laboratory and experiments. (UNDERSTAND)
5	Pharmacognosy &	C _(T2108) 2	Explain Study of cell wall constituents and cell inclusions. (UNDERSTAND)
	Phytopharmaceuticals (Practical)	C _(T2108) 3	Determine the Macro, powder and microscopic study of Datura, Senna, Cinnamon, Cinchona ,ephedra, quassia, clove (APPLY)
		C _(T2108) 4	Determine Macro, powder and microscopic study of Fennel, Coriander, Isapgol, Nux

		1	10" 1" 11
			vomica, rauwolfia , Liqourice, Podopyllum,
			ginger (APPLY)
		$C_{(T2108)}5$	<u>Determination</u> of Iodine value, Saponification value and unsaponifiable matter (APPLY)
			Determination of ester value, acid value
		$C_{(T2108)}6$	(APPLY)
			<u>Define</u> the fundamental concepts of
			pharmacology and pharmacokinetics and to
		C 1	understand the basics of pharmacodynamics,
		$C_{(T2104)}1$	route of administration, drug toxicity, drug
			interactions, adverse reactions and Pre-clinical
			evaluation drug discovery. (REMEMBER)
		C _(T2104) 2	Identify the role of neuro-humoral
		(====,	transmission and drugs acting on Autonomic
			nervous system and summarize the drugs
	Pharmacology-		acting on it. (REMEMBER)
6	I(Theory)	$C_{(T2104)}3$	Analyse the pharmacology of drugs acting on
			cardiovascular system. (ANALYSE)
		C _(T2104) 4	Summarise the functions of neurotransmitters
			and drugs acting on central nervous system.
			(UNDERSTAND)
		C _(T2104) 5	Assess the drugs used in respiratory
			complications. (EVALUATE)
		$C_{(T2104)}6$	<u>Demonstrate</u> the drugs acting on endocrine system. (UNDERSTAND)
		C _(T2104) 7	Predict the role of autacoids and related
		-(12104)	drugs. (EVALUATE)
			<u>Describe</u> scope of community pharmacy and
			roles and responsibilities of community
		$C_{(T2105)}1$	pharmacist in essential drug concept and
			rational drug therapy along with code of
			ethics. (REMEMBER)
		$C_{(T2105)}2$	Compute designing, maintenance and legal
			requirements to set up a community pharmacy
			along with various methods involved in
	Community Pharmacy		inventory control. (APPLY)
7	(Theory)	$C_{(T2105)}3$	Enumerate the various composition of
	(Theory)		prescription along with identification of
		~ .	medication errors. (REMEMBER)
		$C_{(T2105)}4$	<u>Describe</u> the roles and responsibilities of
			community pharmacist in pharmaceutical care,
			patient counselling, medication adherence and
		C 7	OTC medications. (REMEMBER)
		$C_{(T2105)}5$	Determine health screening services like
			Blood Pressure, blood sugar, lung function test
			and cholesterol testing. (APPLY)

		C _(T2105) 6	Describe on health education for
		(12103)	communicable, nutritional deficiency diseases
			and family planning along with
			pathophysiology and treatment for minor
			ailment. (REMEMBER)
			<u>Describe</u> the pathophysiology of
		$C_{(T2106)}1$	cardiovascular diseases and the ability to
		- (12100)	identify therapeutic approach for management
		~ •	of these diseases. (REMEMBER)
		$C_{(T2106)}2$	State the various respiratory diseases and the
			diagnostic skills required for the assessment of
			such diseases to provide a suitable therapeutic plan. (REMEMBER)
		$C_{(T2106)}3$	<u>Develop</u> knowledge on various endocrine
			diseases and attain skills of diagnosis and
	Pharmacotherapeutics-I		management of these diseases. (CREATE)
8	(Theory)	$C_{(T2106)}4$	Explain the significance of preparation of
	(Theory)		individualised therapeutic plan on paediatric
			patients and geriatric patients along with
			pregnant and lactating women.
		~ -	(UNDERSTAND)
		$C_{(T2106)}5$	Summarise the therapeutic approach to
			diseases related to ophthalmology.
		C ((UNDERSTAND)
		$C_{(T2106)}6$	Demonstrate the role of pharmacist in
			analysing specific parameters related to drug therapy and to provide rational drug
			formulations. (UNDERSTAND)
			Describe the pathophysiology of
			cardiovascular diseases and the ability to
		$C_{(T2109)}1$	identify therapeutic approach for management
			of these diseases. (REMEMBER)
		C _(T2109) 2	State the various respiratory diseases and the
		(107)	diagnostic skills required for the assessment of
			such diseases to provide a suitable therapeutic
9	Pharmacotherapeutics-		plan. (REMEMBER)
9	I(Practical)	C _(T2109) 3	<u>Develop</u> knowledge on various endocrine
			diseases and attain skills of diagnosis and
			management of these diseases. (CREATE)
		$C_{(T2109)}4$	Explain the significance of preparation of
			individualised therapeutic plan on paediatric
			patients and geriatric patients along with
			pregnant and lactating women.
			(UNDERSTAND)

		C _(T2109) 5	Summarise the therapeutic approach to
			diseases related to ophthalmology. (UNDERSTAND)
		C _(T2109) 6	Demonstrate the role of pharmacist in
		(1210))	analysing specific parameters related to drug
			therapy and to provide rational drug
			formulations. (UNDERSTAND)
	PH		II YEAR (PCI)
S.NO	Course	Course code and	Course outcome
5.110	Course	number	Course outcome
		110111001	<u>Illustrate</u> various agents acting on blood and
			treatment of blood disorders.
		C _(T3101) 1	(UNDERSTAND)
		$C_{(T3101)}2$	Analyse the drugs acting on renal system and
			describe the various ways of drugs action. (ANALYSE)
		C _(T3101) 3	Understand and expand the knowledge on
		(13101)3	principles of chemotherapy and illustrate the
1	Pharmacology-II (Theory)		mechanism of action of different antibiotics.
1			(UNDERSTAND)
		$C_{(T3101)}4$	Assess the role of immunotherapeutic agents. (EVALUATE)
		$C_{(T3101)}5$	<u>Describe</u> various principles of animal
		0 (toxicology. (REMEMBER))
		$C_{(T3101)}6$	<u>Determine</u> the role of genetic material in the synthesis of proteins. To understand gene
			structure and function with recombinant DNA
			technology. (APPLY)
			Recollect the different laboratory animals,
			equipment, and learn the importance of
		$C_{(T3107)}1$	physiological salt solutions, routes of drug
			administration, and effect of anaesthetics that were utilized in experimental pharmacology.
			(REMEMBER)
		C _(T3107) 2	Appraise the dose response relationship, effect
2	Pharmacology-II		of drugs on DRC and to construct the drug
2	(Practical)		concentrations. (EVALUATE)
		C _(T3107) 3	<u>Construct</u> bioassays using different methods. (CREATE)
		$C_{(T3107)}4$	Assess the potency of test substance and
			analyse the results from numerous animal
		C 5	investigations. (EVALUATE) Interpret various screening models for
		$C_{(T3107)}5$	<u>Interpret</u> various screening models for analgesic, anticonvulsant, anti-depressant and
	<u> </u>		anargosic, anticonvursant, anti-ucpressant and

			anti- inflammatory activity of drugs.
		- C	(UNDERSTAND)
		$C_{(T3107)}6$	Analyze isolated frog heart preparations to
			assess the cardio tonic action of drugs.
		C 1	(ANALYSE)
		$C_{(T3102)}1$	Explain concepts of validation, calibration,
			ICH, GLP, TQM,1SO9000 and quality
		C 2	variation aspects. (UNDERSTAND)
3		$C_{(T3102)}2$	<u>Discuss</u> about the definition, Introduction,
3			Principle, instrumentation and Methodology of
			Various Types of Chromatography like
			Column, Paper, TLC, Electrophoresis, Affinity
			chromatography, High performance liquid chromatography, Gas chromatography.
			(UNDERSTAND)
		C _(T3102) 3	<u>Illustrate</u> the theoretical aspects,
			Instrumentation & interpretation of data by
			using electrometric methods like
			potentiometry, conductometry, polarography,
			amperometry titrations. (UNDERSTAND)
	Pharmaceutical	$C_{(T3102)}4$	<u>Demonstrate</u> and Explain the Principle,
	Analysis (Theory)		Theory, Instrumentation and Working of UV -
			Visible Spectroscopy and Fluorimetry along
		~ ~	with its applications. (UNDERSTAND)
		$C_{(T3102)}5$	<u>Describe</u> the Introduction, Principle, Types of
			vibrations and factors affecting them,
			Instrumentation and Working of Infra-red
			Spectroscopy, Flame Photometry along with its
		C 6	applications. (REMEMBER)
		$C_{(T3102)}6$	Enumerate Introduction, Principle, along with its applications of Mass spectroscopy, NMR
			Spectroscopy, ESR Spectroscopy, polarimetry,
			X-Ray diffraction. And thermal methods like
			DTA, DSC. (REMEMBER)
		C _(T3108) 1	<u>Identify</u> and separate of mixture of compounds
			by paper chromatography, thin layer
			chromatography. (REMEMBER)
		$C_{(T3108)}2$	<u>Determine</u> the effect of pH, solvent,
_	Pharmaceutical		dissociation constant and comparison of given
4	Analysis (Practical)		compound with its derivatives by UV-visible
			Spectroscopy, interpret compound from NMR
			and IR spectroscopy(APPLY)
		$C_{(T3108)}3$	Demonstrate the instrumentation of HPLC,
			HPTLC, HPLC, GC-MS,
			,DSC.(UNDERSTAND)

		C _(T3108) 4	Determine the compounds by using flame photometry, Nephloturbidimetry, fluorometric, techniques(APPLY)
		C _(T3108) 5	Evaluate the two drugs present in given formulation simultaneously by using UV spectrophotometer and to determine drugs using colorimetry. (EVALUATE)
		C _(T3108) 6	Analyse the mixture of acids with base by conductometric and potentiometric titrations. (ANALYSE)
		C _(T3103) 1	<u>List</u> the guidelines involved in rational use of antibiotics and surgical use of prophylaxis. (REMEMBER)
		C _(T3103) 2	Sketch the therapeutic approach based on the causative organism and the resulting pathogenesis of infectious diseases like tuberculosis, meningitis, malaria, fungal and viral infections etc. (ANALYSE)
5	Pharmacotherapeutics-	C _(T3103) 3	Analyse the pathophysiology involved in various musculoskeletal diseases to provide suitable therapeutic management like Osteoarthritis, Rheumatoid arthritis, Gout etc. (ANALYSE)
	II (Theory)	C _(T3103) 4	Sketch therapeutic management on the basis of stages of renal failure along with the mechanisms involved in drug induce renal diseases (ANALYSE)
		C _(T3103) 5	Enumerate the principles and general aspects of chemotherapeutic agents, specifically for breast and blood cancer along with management of nausea and vomiting induced by chemotherapy. (REMEMBER)
		C _(T3103) 6	State the pathogenesis of organisms that cause dermal infections and provide suitable drug therapy. (REMEMBER)
		C _(T3109) 1	Decide the principles guiding the prudent use of antibiotics and surgical prophylaxis. (EVALUATE)
6	Pharmacotherapeutics- II (Practical)	C _(T3109) 2	Interpret therapy strategy based on the etiological agent and the pathogenesis of infectious diseases, such as tuberculosis, meningitis, malaria, fungal and viral infections, etc. (UNDERSTAND)
		C _(T3109) 3	<u>Choose</u> appropriate treatment therapy for a variety of musculoskeletal illnesses, such

			as osteoarthritis, rheumatoid arthritis, gout, etc., one must understand the
			pathophysiology involved. (APPLY)
		C _(T3109) 4	Analyse therapeutic management based on the mechanisms underlying drug-induced renal illnesses as well as the phases of renal failure. (ANALYSE)
		C _(T3109) 5	<u>Decide</u> the management of nausea and vomiting brought on by chemotherapy, as well as the principles and general characteristics of chemotherapeutic drugs, specifically for breast and blood cancer. (EVALUATE)
		C _(T3109) 6	Interpret the pathophysiology of the microbes that cause skin infections and to offer effective medication therapy. (UNDERSTAND)
		C _(T3104) 1	Recall the concepts of pharmaceutical legislations in India and code of pharmaceutical ethics (REMEMBER)
		C _(T3104) 2	<u>Demonstrate</u> the schedules and provisions given under Drugs and Cosmetics act 1940 and its rules 1945(UNDERSTAND)
		C _(T3104) 3	Determine the provisions of Pharmacy act 1948 and procedure for registration of pharmacist and to describe constitution and functions of PCI and State Pharmacy councils (APPLY)
7	Pharmaceutical Jurisprudence (Theory)	C _(T3104) 4	List out the provisions under medicinal and toilet preparations act, narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances act and rules, drugs and magic remedies act and rules (REMEMBER)
		C _(T3104) 5	<u>Discuss</u> the importance of Essential commodities act, and National drug policy and to outline the procedure to get a patent under the Patents and design act 1970 (UNDERSTAND)
		C _(T3104) 6	Explain the salient features of Prevention of cruelty to animals act and to summarize the list of prescription and nonprescription drugs, DPCO act (UNDERSTAND)
8	Medicinal Chemistry – (Theory)	C _(T3105) 1	Describe brief introduction of modern concept of drug design: QSAR, CADD, Combinatorialchemistry, Prodrug, anti sense drugs.(REMEMBER)

		C2	Explain in detail about drugs, and their
		$C_{(T3105)}2$	
			structure, M.o.A, Classification, synthesis,
			SAR of local anti infectives and
			Sulphonamides (UNDERSTAND)
		$C_{(T3105)}3$	<u>Discuss</u> history, development, degradation
			reactions, structure, SAR, M.o.a., synthesize
			and uses of antibiotics, antimalarials,
			antineoplastics. (CREATE &
			UNDERSTAND)
		$C_{(T3105)}4$	Explain in detail about structure, M.O.A,
			adverse effects and uses of
			cardiovascular drugs, oral hypoglycaemics.
			(UNDERSTAND)
		$C_{(T3105)}5$	<u>Define</u> thyroid, antithyroid drugs, diagnostic
			agents and write in detail their M.O.A,
			synthesis and uses. (REMEMBER)
		$C_{(T3105)}6$	Explain in detail about diuretics, steroidal
			hormones and adrenocortical drugs.
			(UNDERSTAND)
		$C_{(T3110)}1$	Recall the various techniques of medicinal
			compounds (REMEMBER)
		$C_{(T3110)}2$	Synthesize and understand the principle,
	9 Medicinal Chemistry – (Practical)		mechanism of various preparations (CREATE)
		$C_{(T3110)}3$	Prepare and explain purification of medicinal
Q			compounds (UNDERSTAND)
		$C_{(T3110)}4$	<u>Perform</u> assay and calculate percentage purity
			of medicinal compounds ANALYSE)
		$C_{(T3110)}5$	<u>Determine</u> percentage purity of medicinal
			compounds by Various techniques (APPLY)
		$C_{(T3110)}6$	<u>Identification</u> of medicinal compounds
			(REMEMBER)
		$C_{(T3106)}1$	Remember the types of tablets &describe the
			granulation techniques (REMEMBER)
		$C_{(T3106)}2$	<u>Determine</u> the quality control test and apply
			evaluation of uncoated as well as coated
			tablets. (APPLY)
	Pharmaceutical	$C_{(T3106)}3$	Explain production and filling of hard & soft
10	Formulations		gelatine capsules. Quality control tests for
10	(Theory)		capsules. (UNDERSTAND)
	(Theory)	$C_{(T3106)}4$	Formulate and evaluate the semisolid
			preparation such as ointments, gels (CREATE)
		$C_{(T3106)}5$	<u>Describe</u> the formulation concepts of
			pharmaceutical suspensions and remember the
			emulsions and their stability problems
			(REMEMBER)
			(REIVERVERV)

		C _(T3106) 6	<u>Understand</u> the production facilities of
		(13106)0	Parenterals and Summarize various controlled
			and novel drug delivery systems
			1
		C 1	(UNDERSTAND)
		$C_{(T3111)}1$	Formulate and develop different types of tablets (CREATE)
		$C_{(T3111)}2$	Explain and formulate the manufacture of hard gelatin capsule (UNDERSTAND)
11	Pharmaceutical	C _(T3111) 3	<u>Understand</u> and review preparation of
11	Formulations (Practical)	C _(T3111) 4	parenterals (UNDERSTAND) Appraise and evaluatedifferent liquid orals
			formulations (EVALUATE)
		$C_{(T3111)}5$	Asses and evaluate semisolid preparations
			(EVALUATE)
		$C_{(T3111)}6$	Preparation of cosmetics (CREATE)
	PI		IV YEAR (PCI)
		Course	
S.NO	Course	code and	Course outcome
		number	
		114111501	Recognize the pathophysiology of
			gastrointestinal and liver diseases and the ability
		C1	to identify therapeutic approach for
		$C_{(T4101)}1$	management of these diseases.
			<u> </u>
			(UNDERSTAND)
			<u>Differentiate</u> the various haematological
		$C_{(T4101)}2$	diseases and the diagnosticskills required for the
		(14101)	assessment of such diseases to provide a
			suitable therapeutic plan. (UNDERSTAND)
	Pharmacotherapeutics-		<u>Describe</u> various diseases associated with
		C _(T4101) 3	nervous system and attain skills of diagnosis
1		C(14101)3	and management of these diseases.
	III (Theory)		(REMEMBER)
			Summarise the therapeutic approach to
			psychiatry disorders like schizophrenia,
		$C_{(T4101)}4$	affective disorders, anxiety disorders, sleep
		(= 1 = 0 =)	disorders and obsessive compulsive disorders.
			(UNDERSTAND)
			Describe the various pain pathways in order to
		$C_{(T4101)}5$	provide pain management in neuralgias and
		C(14101)3	headaches. (REMEMBER)
			·
		C _(T4101) 6	<u>Determine</u> judicious use of current best
			evidence available for a drug therapy. (APPLY)
	Pharmacotherapeutics-		Recognize the pathophysiology of
2	III (Practical)	$C_{(T4107)}1$	gastrointestinal and liver diseases and the ability
			to identify therapeutic approach for

			management ofthese diseases.
			(UNDERSTAND)
		C _(T4107) 2	Differentiate the various haematological diseases and the diagnosticskills required for the assessment of such diseases to provide a suitable therapeutic plan. (UNDERSTAND)
		C _(T4107) 3	Describe various diseases associated with nervous system and attain skills of diagnosis and management of these diseases. (REMEMBER)
		C _(T4107) 4	Summarise the therapeutic approach to psychiatry disorders like schizophrenia, affective disorders, anxiety disorders, sleep disorders and obsessive compulsive disorders. (UNDERSTAND)
		C _(T4107) 5	<u>Describe</u> the various pain pathways in order to provide pain management in neuralgias and headaches. (REMEMBER)
		C _(T4107) 6	Determine judicious use of current best evidence available for a drug therapy. (APPLY)
		C _(T4102) 1	<u>Define</u> the structure, organisation and functions of hospital and hospital pharmacist (REMEMBER)
3		C _(T4102) 2	Preparation and implementation of budget, inventory control and various drug policies (CREATE)
		C _(T4102) 3	Interpret various hospital committees to develop hospital pharmacy and news letters (UNDERSTAND)
	Hospital Pharmacy (Theory)	C _(T4102) 4	Explain the sterile services, various drug distribution methods or inpatients and outpatients including narcotic and controlled drugs (UNDERSTAND)
		C _(T4102) 5	<u>Describe</u> procurement, manufacturing and storage process various formulations and handling of radio pharmaceuticals (REMEMBER)
		C _(T4102) 6	<u>Develop</u> programmes for professional upraising continuously and to build inter professional (CREATE)
_	Hospital Pharmacy	C _(T4108) 1	<u>Describe</u> drug profiles and drug distribution systems and various committes in hospitals
4	(Practical)	C _(T4108) 2	(REMEMBER) Evaluate the rationality of prescriptions (EVALUATE)

		C _(T4108) 3	Design various methods for the preparation and labelling of pharmaceutical products such as powders and intravenous solutions (CREATE)
		C/T/100\A	powders and intravenous solutions (CREATE)
		C(T4100)A	
			Write the solutions to overcome the drug
	1	(14100)	interactions and adverse drug reactions
			(REMEMBER)
		C _(T4108) 5	Describe various store management and
		- (1.100)-	inventory control (REMEMBER)
		C _(T4108) 6	Explain drug information queries through the
		(= 1200)	systematic approach (UNDERSTAND)
			<u>Understand</u> and expain scope and development
			of clinical Pharmacy the daily activities and
		$C_{(T4103)}1$	roles of clinical pharmacist and to monitor the
			patient drug therapy through medication chart
			review and clinical review (UNDERSTAND)
			Describe medication history interview and
		C _(T4103) 2	counsel the patients on various diseases and life
		C(T4103)2	style modifications by applying communication
			skills (REMEMBER)
			Assess the response to DUE, drug information
		$C_{(T4103)}3$	queries using systematic approach and to
5	Clinical Pharmacy(Theory)	(14103)5	establish a drug information and poison
			information center (EVALUATE)
			Interpret selected laboratory results of specific
			disesases status meantioned and report ADRs,
		$C_{(T4103)}4$	drug related problems and medication errors
			understand the pharmacovigilance
			(UNDERSTAND)
		$C_{(T4103}5$	<u>Understand</u> the concept pharmacovigilance
			(UNDERSTAND) Evaluate biomedical literature in order to get
		$C_{(T4103)}6$	T
		(= 1200)	1
			,
		C(T4100) 1	
		C(14109)1	1
			,
6	-	$C_{(T4109)}2$	
U	(Practical)		, 11 · ·
		-	,
			<u>Create</u> awareness in patients by counselling
		G 3	<u>Create</u> awareness in patients by counselling them on various diseases using clinical
		C _(T4109) 3	<u> </u>
6	Clinical Pharmacy (Practical)	C _(T4109) 6 C _(T4109) 1 C _(T4109) 2	Evaluate biomedical literature in order to get an unbiased clinical evidence to develop individualised pharmaceutical care plan (EVALUATE) Describe drug profiles, Ward rounds and counseling techniques various laboratory tests.(REMEMBER) Explain and respond to drug information queries using modified systematic approach by critically appraising the biomedical literature (UNDERSTAND)

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		C _(T4109) 4	<u>Create</u> awareness in patients by counselling them on various drugs using cinical knowledge and communication skills (CREATE)
		C _(T4109) 5	Interpret laboratory results of specific disease while monitoring disease progression (UNDERSTAND)
		C _(T4109) 6	<u>Develop</u> comprehensive and meticulous medication history interview for the preparation of individualized pharmaceutical care plan (CREATE)
		$C_{(T4104)}1$	<u>Demonstrate</u> the importance of biostatistics in pharmacy (UNDERSTAND)
		C _(T4104) 2	Explain the importance of research methods in the design of pharmacoepidemiological study.(UNDERSTAND)
7	Biostatistics & Research Methodology (Theory)	C _(T4104) 3	Determine appropriate statistical methods for data analysis and choose the methods of collection of data and its analysis and interpretation(APPLY)
		$C_{(T4104)}4$	<u>Discuss</u> and evaluate various software for statistical analysis of data(UNDERSTAND)
		C _(T4104) 5	Explain various methods of testing hypothesisC
		C _(T4104) 6	<u>List</u> the importance and procedures for using computers in pharmacy(REMEMBER)
		C _(T4105) 1	Recall the basic concepts of absorption, distribution, metabolism and excretion of drugs.(REMEMBER)
		C _(T4105) 2	<u>Describe</u> the mechanisms, interpret variousfactors affecting drug absorption, distribution, metabolism and excretion of drugs.(REMEMBER)
0	Biopharmaceutics &	C _(T4105) 3	Apply the pharmacokinetic models for the determination of pharmacokinetic parameters.(APPLY)
8	Pharmacokinetics (Theory)	C _(T4105) 4	Assess multiple dosage regimens based on pharmacokinetic parameters for maximizing therapeutic effectiveness and patient compliance (EVALUATE)
		C _(T4105) 5	<u>Choose</u> various pharmacokinetic parameters for the drugs exhibiting saturation kinetics.(ANALYSE)
		C _(T4105) 6	<u>Design</u> the bioavailability testing protocol of a drug and compare the bioequivalence between marketed products.(CREATE)

		C _(T4110) 1	Recall the concepts in biopharmaceutics, basic pharmacokinetic parameters and their significance.(REMEMBER)
	Biopharmaceutics & Pharmacokinetics (Practical)	C(T4110)2	Interpret the effect of surfactant, diluents, lubricant and Polymorphism on rate of drug dissolution.(UNDERSTAND)
		C _(T4110) 3	Solve bioavailability parameters of drugs by using plasma data and methods to improve bioavailability.(APPLY)
9		C(T4110)4	Analyze absorption rate constant, KE, biological half-life, mean residence time and mean absorption time for the given data.(ANALYZE)
		C _(T4110) 5	Enumerate the extent of protein biding by equilibrium dialysis or dynamic dialysis methods.(REMEMBER)
		C _(T4110) 6	<u>Predict</u> the pharmacokinetic parameters for the given data as per one compartment and two compartment models.(EVALUATE)
		C _(T4106) 1	State the general aspects of management of poisoning along with antidotes for specific application. (REMEMBER)
	Clinical Toxicology (Theory)	C _(T4106) 2	<u>Describe</u> supportive cares like Airway Breathing Circulation in case of poisoning and also methods of gut decontamination for elimination of such poisons. (REMEMBER)
10		C _(T4106) 3	Enumerate the toxicokinetics of the poison and application of extracorporeal methods for elimination of toxins. (REMEMBER)
10		C(T4106)4	State management of acute poisoning based on symptoms due to caustics, neurotoxins, irritants, pesticides, hydrocarbons, NSAIDs and radiation .(REMEMBER)
		C _(T4106) 5	Explain therapeutic management for chronic poisoning of heavy metals based on the diagnostic investigations.(UNDERSTAND)
		C _(T4106) 6	<u>Demonstrate</u> management plans for food poisoning, snake bites and arthropod bites and stings.(UNDERSTAND)
	PH	IARM.D – V	
S.NO	Course	Course	Course outcome
		code and	
4	Clt to 1	number	Frankin deselerance et al.
1	Clinical research	$C_{(T5101)}1$	Explain developmental process of new chemical entity discovered via
	(Theory)		pharmacological approach,
		<u> </u>	pharmacological approach,

			toxicological approach, Investigational New Drug Application, drug characterization and dosage form. (REMEMBER)
		C(T5101)2	Interpret the different phases of trial and to evaluate the safety and efficacy of the drug from pre-clinical trials to post marketing surveillance. (UNDERSTAND)
		C(T5101)3	Describe regulatory authorities (ICH, CDSCO) responsibilities for monitoring clinical trial process, lay guidelines and address to its challenges in implementation. (REMEMBER)
		C(T5101)4	Identify guidelines followed for the countries USA, India and Europe along with roles and responsibilities of clinical trial personnel. (UNDERSTAND)
		C _(T5101) 5	Tabulate the ethical guidelines in clinical research along with composition and functions of institutional review board. (REMEMBER)
		C _(T5101) 6	Assemble essential clinical study documents needed in clinical trial, like case report forms, informed consent form, participant identification centers etc. are involved. (CREATE)
		C _(T5101) 7	Describerole of computers in datamanagement along with safetymonitoring in clinical trials.(REMEMBER)
	Pharmacoepidemiology & Pharmacoeconomics (Theory)	C _(T5102) 1	Explain the origin, scope and applications of Pharmacoepidemiology and Pharmacoeconomics in clinical settings and discuss the various
2	(Theory)	G 2	Pharmacoepidemiologic outcome measures. (UNDERSTAND)
		C _(T5102) 2	Choose the tools effectively in evaluating risk and benefit of therapy and determine the concept of risk in pharmacoepidemiology and different methods of measurement of risk.(APPLY)

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		$C_{(T5102)}3$	Explain various
			pharmacoepidemiology studies and
			evaluate the outcomes of measures
			using case studies. Understand the
			Pharmacoepidemiologic databases and
			illustrate the sources of data for
			Pharmacoepidemiologic studies.
			(UNDERSTAND)
		C _(T5102) 4	Describe the selected special
		(====)	applications of
			pharmacoepidemiology.
			(REMEMBER)
		C _(T5102) 5	Explain pharmacoeconomic outcome
		C(15102)S	measures and discuss the various
			methods to measure outcomes in
			pharmacoeconomic studies.
		C 6	(UNDERSTAND)
		$C_{(T5102)}6$	Select the various types of software
			and its applications in
			Pharmacoeconomic analysis using case
			studies. (ANALYSE)
3	Clinical	$C_{(T5103)}1$	<u>Understand</u> the basics of
	Pharmacokinetics and		pharmacokinetics, nomograms,
	Pharmacotherapeutic		tabulations and their applications and
	Drug Monitoring		
	Drug Momitoring		design the dosage regimen and therapy
			of a drug based on the pharmacokinetic
	(T5103)		of a drug based on the pharmacokinetic principles and route of administration.
			of a drug based on the pharmacokinetic principles and route of administration. (UNDERSTAND)
		C _(T5103) 2	of a drug based on the pharmacokinetic principles and route of administration. (UNDERSTAND) Describe the individualization the
		C _(T5103) 2	of a drug based on the pharmacokinetic principles and route of administration. (UNDERSTAND) Describe the individualization the dosage regimen for the patients who
		C _(T5103) 2	of a drug based on the pharmacokinetic principles and route of administration. (UNDERSTAND) Describe the individualization the
		C _(T5103) 2	of a drug based on the pharmacokinetic principles and route of administration. (UNDERSTAND) Describe the individualization the dosage regimen for the patients who
		C _(T5103) 2	of a drug based on the pharmacokinetic principles and route of administration. (UNDERSTAND) Describe the individualization the dosage regimen for the patients who are obese, pediatrics, geriatrics and
		C _(T5103) 2	of a drug based on the pharmacokinetic principles and route of administration. (UNDERSTAND) Describe the individualization the dosage regimen for the patients who are obese, pediatrics, geriatrics and patients with impaired renal and
			of a drug based on the pharmacokinetic principles and route of administration. (UNDERSTAND) Describe the individualization the dosage regimen for the patients who are obese, pediatrics, geriatrics and patients with impaired renal and hepatic functions. (REMEMBER)
			of a drug based on the pharmacokinetic principles and route of administration. (UNDERSTAND) Describe the individualization the dosage regimen for the patients who are obese, pediatrics, geriatrics and patients with impaired renal and hepatic functions. (REMEMBER) Evaluate the patient case where they
			of a drug based on the pharmacokinetic principles and route of administration. (UNDERSTAND) Describe the individualization the dosage regimen for the patients who are obese, pediatrics, geriatrics and patients with impaired renal and hepatic functions. (REMEMBER) Evaluate the patient case where they find potential drug-drug, drug-food,
			of a drug based on the pharmacokinetic principles and route of administration. (UNDERSTAND) Describe the individualization the dosage regimen for the patients who are obese, pediatrics, geriatrics and patients with impaired renal and hepatic functions. (REMEMBER) Evaluate the patient case where they find potential drug-drug, drug-food, drug-disease interactions with appropriate recommendations for drug
			of a drug based on the pharmacokinetic principles and route of administration. (UNDERSTAND) Describe the individualization the dosage regimen for the patients who are obese, pediatrics, geriatrics and patients with impaired renal and hepatic functions. (REMEMBER) Evaluate the patient case where they find potential drug-drug, drug-food, drug-disease interactions with appropriate recommendations for drug dosage and food adjustments.
		C(T5103)3	of a drug based on the pharmacokinetic principles and route of administration. (UNDERSTAND) Describe the individualization the dosage regimen for the patients who are obese, pediatrics, geriatrics and patients with impaired renal and hepatic functions. (REMEMBER) Evaluate the patient case where they find potential drug-drug, drug-food, drug-disease interactions with appropriate recommendations for drug dosage and food adjustments. (EVALUATE)
			of a drug based on the pharmacokinetic principles and route of administration. (UNDERSTAND) Describe the individualization the dosage regimen for the patients who are obese, pediatrics, geriatrics and patients with impaired renal and hepatic functions. (REMEMBER) Evaluate the patient case where they find potential drug-drug, drug-food, drug-disease interactions with appropriate recommendations for drug dosage and food adjustments. (EVALUATE) Develop knowledge about population
		C(T5103)3	of a drug based on the pharmacokinetic principles and route of administration. (UNDERSTAND) Describe the individualization the dosage regimen for the patients who are obese, pediatrics, geriatrics and patients with impaired renal and hepatic functions. (REMEMBER) Evaluate the patient case where they find potential drug-drug, drug-food, drug-disease interactions with appropriate recommendations for drug dosage and food adjustments. (EVALUATE) Develop knowledge about population pharmacokinetics data, Bayesian
		C(T5103)3	of a drug based on the pharmacokinetic principles and route of administration. (UNDERSTAND) Describe the individualization the dosage regimen for the patients who are obese, pediatrics, geriatrics and patients with impaired renal and hepatic functions. (REMEMBER) Evaluate the patient case where they find potential drug-drug, drug-food, drug-disease interactions with appropriate recommendations for drug dosage and food adjustments. (EVALUATE) Develop knowledge about population pharmacokinetics data, Bayesian theory, adaptive method, and dosing
		C(T5103)3 C(T5103)4	of a drug based on the pharmacokinetic principles and route of administration. (UNDERSTAND) Describe the individualization the dosage regimen for the patients who are obese, pediatrics, geriatrics and patients with impaired renal and hepatic functions. (REMEMBER) Evaluate the patient case where they find potential drug-drug, drug-food, drug-disease interactions with appropriate recommendations for drug dosage and food adjustments. (EVALUATE) Develop knowledge about population pharmacokinetics data, Bayesian theory, adaptive method, and dosing with feedback. (CREATE)
		C(T5103)3	of a drug based on the pharmacokinetic principles and route of administration. (UNDERSTAND) Describe the individualization the dosage regimen for the patients who are obese, pediatrics, geriatrics and patients with impaired renal and hepatic functions. (REMEMBER) Evaluate the patient case where they find potential drug-drug, drug-food, drug-disease interactions with appropriate recommendations for drug dosage and food adjustments. (EVALUATE) Develop knowledge about population pharmacokinetics data, Bayesian theory, adaptive method, and dosing

		C _(T5103) 6	cardiovascular disease, seizure disorders, psychiatric disorders, organ transplantation, to formulate protocol of TDM and correlate TDM with drug therapy. (ANALYSE) Develop knowledge about pharmacogenetics and find the genetic polymorphisms in drug metabolism, drug transport & drug target in the
			patients, if any with the clinical outcomes in the patients. (CREATE)
4	Clerkship	C _(T5104) 1	Analyse patient case sheet and classify
	(T5104)		the patient's illness, chief complaints, social history, family history, past and present medical history, occupational history, diagnosis, treatment and lifestyle modifications. (ANALYSE)
		C _(T5104) 2	Evaluate the diagnosis by observing all the laboratory investigations closely in chronological order and correlating it with the disease condition of the patient. (EVALUATE)
		C _(T5104) 3	<u>Set-up</u> patient counselling for the inpatients and OPD patients regarding medications, life style modifications and precautions. (CREATE)
		C _(T5104) 4	Identify any adverse drug reactions in any patient by closely monitoring and interviewing the patients.(REMEMBER)
		C _(T5104) 5	<u>Identify</u> any potential evidence of drug-drug, drug-food and drug-disease interactions and do interventions wherever required in consultations with the duty doctors. (REMEMBER)
		C _(T5104) 6	<u>Choose</u> evidence-based drug information to doctors, nurses, pharmacists and patients for their drug related queries and documenting it properly. (APPLY)
5	Project Work	C _(T5105) 1	<u>Describe</u> the Aim and Objectives of
	(T5105)		the project by identifying the issues related to use of pharmaceuticals and health in community population or

		hospital epidemiology.
		(REMEMBER)
	C _(T5105) 2	Review literatures on the selected
		project topic to have understanding of
		current project work before starting
		new investigation on the
		work.(UNDERSTAND)
	$C_{(T5105)}3$	<u>Design</u> the protocol comprising of aim,
		objectives, plan of the study, study
		duration, study site, materials and
		methods, statistical tools, data
		collection forms, etc.(CREATE)
	$C_{(T5105)}4$	Evaluate the protocol by the ethical
		committee and head of the department
		and get it approved. (EVALUATE)
	$C_{(T5105)}5$	Generate the data collection, analyse
		the data based upon the decided
		parameters, perform statistical
		analysis, draw the results and
		conclusion.(CREATE)
	$C_{(T5105)}6$	Analyse the outcomes of the project
		work and its future scope in the given
		field of study. (ANALYSE)
PI	HARM.D –	VI YEAR (R08)

PHARM.D – VI YEAR (R08)			
S.NO	Course	Course	Course outcome
		code and	
		number	
1	Internship	$C_{(Internship)}1$	Analyse the case sheet of patients
			during ward round participation
			with the duty doctors by utilising
			their clinical, pharmacological,
			pathological, therapeutical
			knowledge and correlate the
			findings.(ANALYSE)
		C(Internship)2	<u>Infer</u> the diagnosis of the patients by
			analysing their laboratory, radiology
			and other reports.(ANALYSE)
		$C_{(Internship)}3$	<u>Design</u> dose in paediatrics,
			geriatrics, and in patients with renal
			and hepatic impairment.
			(CREATE)
		$C_{(Internship)}4$	Set-up patient counselling
			regarding their disease/disorder,
			medications, lifestyle modifications,
			adverse drug reactions, precautions
			and contraindications.(CREATE)

C _(Internship) 5	Evaluate and <u>analyse</u> each case
	closely to find and report any drug-
	drug and drug-food interactions and
	do interventions if required.
	(EVALUATE, ANALYSE)
C _(Internship) 6	<u>Identify</u> and provide evidence-
	based drug/poison information to
	doctors, nurses, pharmacists,
	patients for their drug/poison related
	queries.(REMEMBER)